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Based on Article 23 of the Articles of Association of Nova Ljubljanska banka d.d., Ljubljana, the Supervisory Board hereby adopts the following

Remuneration Policy for the Members of the Supervisory Board of NLB d.d. and the Members of the Management Board of NLB d.d.

Version 2, General Internal Document

1. Introductory provisions
2. General principles
3. Contribution of the Remuneration Policy to the promotion of the business strategy, long-term development and sustainability of NLB d.d.
4. The role of the compliance function and internal audit
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7. Remuneration of the Management Board members
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Chronology of Amendments

Version	Date	Description
1.	15/10/2021	Version 1
2.	19/10/2022	Version 2, adoption by the Supervisory Board of NLB d.d.
	/12/2022	Consultative vote on approval at the General Meeting of Shareholders of NLB d.d.

1. Introductory provisions

Article 1

The principal amendments to the Remuneration Policy for the Members of the Supervisory Board of NLB d.d. and the Members of the Management Board of NLB d.d. (hereinafter: the Remuneration Policy or the Policy) are the following:

- the stakeholders' (Management Board, Remuneration Committee, Risk Committee, Supervisory Board, General Meeting, Compliance and Integrity, Internal Audit) roles in the process of adopting and supervising the implementation of the Remuneration Policy have been defined in further detail; in the process of awarding guaranteed variable remuneration, retention bonus and variable part of salary;
- the Policy defines in more detail the components of the fixed and variable parts of the remuneration of the Management Board members with predefined maximum values of individual remuneration;
- the possibility of covering or reimbursing the difference in tax liabilities of the new Management Board member arising from his/her income, received in the past, in case he/she becomes a Slovenian tax resident - the purpose of this is the bank's ability to cover the difference in tax liabilities of the new member of a Management board arising from his/her income, received in the past, as a result of him/her acquiring the status of Slovenian tax resident;
- the possibility of granting a personnel housing loan to a Management Board member under the same conditions as apply to key personnel under the collective agreement;
- the maximum permitted amount of the gross monthly salary of a member of the Management Board is determined in relation to the average gross monthly salary of a member of senior management of NLB d.d.;
- the maximum amount of the variable part of the salary (performance bonus) of a Management Board member for an individual business year has increased to 9 salaries for the period from 01/01/2023 onwards;
- the guaranteed variable remuneration is more clearly defined, together with the maximum possible amount;
- a new definition of the possibility of retention bonus;
- an explanation has been included about how the award and payment of a part of variable remuneration in the form of the Bank's shares or instruments the value of which is linked to the value of the Bank's share contributes to the Bank's long-term development;
- the goals of the Management Board members are specified in more detail per area;
- the provision of the policy relating to the compensation for early discontinuation of the term of office of a Management Board member and the compensation for non-competition of a Management Board member is aligned with Directive 2013/36/EU of 2 July 2021 (EBA/GL/2021/04, hereinafter: EBA Guidelines) at the compensation for non-competition of a Management Board member the limit of its amount is more clearly defined.

Article 2

The basic principles of remuneration policies serve as a framework for all employees at NLB d.d., and this Remuneration Policy is part of that framework.

The remuneration of other employees who are not members of the Supervisory Board or members of the Management Board is regulated in separate remuneration policies and other documents.

The provisions of this Remuneration Policy regulate the remuneration system for the members of the Supervisory Board and the Management Board.

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The provisions of this Remuneration Policy are harmonised with the Companies Act (Slov. ZGD-1), the Banking Act (Slov. ZBan-3), the Employment Relationships Act (Slov. ZDR-1) and other relevant Slovenian and EU regulations, as well as with the EBA Guidelines, with NLB d.d. herewith pursuing the principle of proportionality, taking into account the size, the internal organisation as well as the nature, scope and complexity of the Bank's operations.

Article 3

The Policy provides clear guidelines for prudent remuneration in accordance with the above regulations and documents, with the aim of ensuring prudent and efficient risk management.

Article 4

This Policy is based on the principle of equal payment for equal work or work of the same value for the employed men and women and is therefore gender-neutral.

Article 5

The terms used in this Policy shall have the following meaning:

<u>"Bank" or "Institution"</u>	means Nova Ljubljanska banka d.d., Ljubljana;
<u>"Management body"</u>	means the Bank's Supervisory Board or Management Board;
<u>"Supervisory Board"</u>	means the Bank's Supervisory Board;
<u>"Management Board"</u>	means the Bank's Management Board;
<u>"Remuneration Committee"</u>	means the Remuneration Committee of the Supervisory Board;
<u>"Audit Committee"</u>	means the Audit Committee of the Supervisory Board;
<u>"Risk Committee"</u>	means the Risk Committee of the Supervisory Board;
<u>"SPKI" or "Compliance and Integrity"</u>	means the Bank's organisational unit responsible for compliance and integrity of the Bank;
<u>"Internal Audit"</u>	means the Bank's organisational unit responsible for internal audit of the Bank;
<u>"General Meeting"</u>	means the General Meeting of Shareholders of the Bank;
<u>"identified employees" or "employees performing special work"</u>	are members of a Management body and employees who can significantly impact the risk profile of NLB d.d. and/or the NLB Group in the scope of their tasks and activities;
<u>"remuneration"</u>	comprises all forms of direct or indirect financial and non-financial payments and benefits to which members of a Management body and/or employees are entitled based on their contracts concluded with the Bank or another entity in the same group;
<u>"routine employment package"</u>	means ancillary components of remuneration that are obtainable for a wide population of employees or employees in specified functions based on predetermined selection criteria, including, for example, healthcare, childcare facilities or proportionate regular pension

	contributions on top of the mandatory regime and travel allowance;
<u>“fixed remuneration”</u>	means payments or benefits for staff which comply with the conditions for its award set out in section 7 of EBA Guidelines;
<u>“fixed part of salary”</u>	is the part of the salary comprised of base gross salary, bonuses and allowances (except for performance bonus);
<u>“basic salary”</u>	is the basic monthly salary of an individual Management Board member;
<u>“salary bonus”</u>	is defined by the labour law regulations applicable at the time and is considered fixed remuneration; the performance bonus does not count as a salary bonus;
<u>“salary compensation”</u>	is the allowance received by a Management Board member because of their absence from work for the reasons defined by labour law regulations applicable at the time and is therefore considered fixed remuneration;
<u>“gross salary”</u>	consists of the basic salary of a Management Board member and the length of service bonus, and constitutes fixed remuneration;
<u>“reimbursement of expenses”</u>	represents reimbursement of commuting costs, meal allowance, reimbursement for the use of own assets for working from home and related material expenses, and other reimbursement of costs based on internal documents of the Bank;
<u>“bonus”</u>	is defined as any benefit in kind provided to the employee by the employer;
<u>“voluntary supplementary pension insurance (PDPZ)”</u>	is voluntary supplementary pension insurance that the Bank pays for all its employees, except for those employees who do not wish to join the pension scheme (written statement from the employee);
<u>“other employment-related income”</u>	is all other remuneration that is defined in the applicable labour law regulations (such as holiday allowance, severance pay, jubilee awards, solidarity aid, etc.) and related to the employment relationship;
<u>“variable remuneration”</u>	means any remuneration which is not fixed;
<u>“variable part of salary”</u> or <u>“performance bonus”</u>	is the part of the salary that depends on predetermined and measurable performance criteria and business results of NLB d.d. and the NLB Group;
<u>“bonus pool”</u>	means the maximum amount of variable remuneration which can be awarded in the award process set at the level of the institution or an institution’s business unit;
<u>“underrepresented gender”</u>	represents the underrepresented female or male gender;
<u>“gender pay gap”</u>	means the difference between the average gross hourly rate of a man and a woman employee expressed as a percentage of the average gross hourly rate of male employee;

<u>“retention bonus”</u>	means variable remuneration awarded on the condition that the Management Board member stay in the institution for a predefined period of time;
<u>“accrual period”</u>	means the period of time for assessing or measuring the performance of a Management Board member in order to determine their variable remuneration; accrual period related to variable remuneration is one business year;
<u>“to award”</u>	means the granting of variable remuneration for a specific accrual period, independently of the actual point in time when the awarded amount is paid;
<u>“vesting”</u>	means the effect by which the Management Board member becomes the legal owner of the variable remuneration awarded, independent of the instrument that is used for the payment or if the payment is subject to additional retention periods or clawback arrangements;
<u>“deferral period”</u>	is the period for which NLB d.d. defers the payment of the variable part of the remuneration of the Management Board member. The deferral period starts upon the payment of the non-deferred part of the variable remuneration and lasts at least 5 years. In this period the Management Board member is not the legal owner of the variable part of the remuneration awarded;
<u>“instruments”</u>	mean shares, instruments or other contracts under Item 3 of the second paragraph of Article 190 of the ZBan-3 or that fall within one of the two categories referred to in Article 94(1)(l) of Directive 2013/36/EU;
<u>“retention period”</u>	means a period of time after the maturity of the variable remuneration that has been awarded in instruments for payment, during which they cannot be transferred;
<u>“malus”</u>	means an arrangement (in this Remuneration Policy, in the employment contract or in another document) that permits the institution to reduce the value/amount of all or part of deferred variable remuneration based on ex post risk adjustments before it has vested;
<u>“return of variable remuneration” or “clawback”</u>	means an arrangement (in this Remuneration Policy, in the employment contract or in another document) under which a Management Board member has to return (a part of) the variable remuneration paid in the past or which has already vested to the institution, but not yet paid to the Management Board member, under certain conditions;
<u>“share-linked instruments”</u>	mean those instruments whose value is based on the value of the stock and that have the share value as a reference point, e.g. stock appreciation rights, types of synthetic shares;

<u>“shareholder”</u>	means a person who owns shares in an institution or, depending on the legal form of an institution, other owners or members of the institution;
<u>“business year”</u>	is equal to a calendar year.

2. General principles

Article 6

The Remuneration Policy shall be consistent with the goals of NLB d.d. and the NLB Group, the business strategy of NLB d.d. and the NLB Group, the organisational culture and values, long-term interests, the environmental, social and governance (ESG) factors, the measures to prevent conflicts of interest, the risk profile and the risk appetite.

The Remuneration Policy has been designed so as not to stimulate the members of management bodies to assume non-proportionally high risks or risks that exceed the risk-taking ability of NLB d.d. and/or the NLB Group, taking into account all risks, including reputational risks and risks resulting from mis-selling or unethical selling of products or other unethical or non-compliant behaviour.

NLB d.d. shall ensure that the Remuneration Policy is compatible with adequate and efficient risk management and that it stimulates such management.

In terms of payment of the variable remuneration the Remuneration Policy takes into account the fulfilment of obligations or achievement of goals referring to capital or liquidity and helps achieve and maintain a sound capital base.

The proposal for the Remuneration Policy shall be approved by the Management Board and the Remuneration Committee. The Remuneration Policy shall be adopted by the Supervisory Board, and then submitted to the vote of the General Meeting for approval. The Bank shall submit the Remuneration Policy to the General Meeting to vote on it upon any major amendment, and in any case at least every four years. The voting on the Remuneration Policy by the General Meeting is of a consultative nature.

Article 7

Conflicts of interests arising from the Remuneration Policy and the act of awarding of remuneration should be mitigated appropriately, including by establishing objective awarding criteria based on the internal reporting system, appropriate controls and the four eyes principle. Compliance with the rules laid down in the Remuneration Policy, considering all the regulations binding for the Bank, ensures that conflicts of interest arising from the payment of variable or fixed remuneration in instruments are identified in advance and managed accordingly. The Remuneration Policy further ensures that no material conflicts of interest occur for management body members in control functions.

3. The role of stakeholders in the process of adopting and supervising the implementation of the Remuneration Policy

Article 8

Management Board of NLB d.d.

Within the scope of its powers, the Management Board ensures, inter alia, the adequacy of remuneration practices that are consistent with prudent and effective risk management as well as that they are thus managed, that they encourage such management and are gender neutral.

The members of the Management Board and the Supervisory Board are responsible for preparing the remuneration report in accordance with Article 294.b of the ZGD-1.

Remuneration Committee of the Supervisory Board of NLB d.d.

The Remuneration Committee is an advisory body of the Supervisory Board and shall also have the duty to:

1. carry out expert and independent assessment of the remuneration policies and practices and, on that basis, drafts initiatives for the measures related to the improvement in the management of the Bank's risks, capital and liquidity
2. prepare proposals for the decisions of the Supervisory Board in relation to remuneration, including those affecting the Bank's risks and their management;
3. support and advise the Supervisory Board in formulating the Remuneration Policy, including that such Remuneration Policy is gender neutral and supports equal treatment of members of the management bodies.

When preparing the decisions from the previous paragraph, the Remuneration Committee takes into account the long-term interests of the shareholders, investors and other stakeholders.

Risk Committee of the Supervisory Board of NLB d.d.

The Risk Committee is an advisory body of the Supervisory Board and shall also have the duty to:

1. advise on the Bank's general present and future risk appetite and on the risk management strategy;
2. help to supervise the senior management regarding the implementation of the risk management strategy;
3. without interfering with the duties of the Remuneration Committee, check whether the incentives provided by the remuneration system take into account the risk, capital, liquidity and probability and schedule of the Bank's revenues, in order to design prudential remuneration policies and practices.

Supervisory Board of NLB d.d.

Within the scope of its powers the Supervisory Board inter alia, adopts and supervises the implementation of the general principles of the Remuneration Policy.

In accordance with the EBA Guidelines, the Supervisory Board is responsible for adopting and maintaining the Remuneration Policy and for supervising its implementation to ensure that it is fully implemented.

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The members of the Management Board and the Supervisory Board are responsible for preparing the remuneration report in accordance with Article 294.b of the Companies Act (Slov. ZGD-1).

General Meeting of NLB d.d.

The Bank submits the Remuneration Policy to the General Meeting to vote on it upon any major amendment, and in any case at least every four years. The voting on the Remuneration Policy by the General Meeting is of a consultative nature. If the General Meeting fails to approve the proposed Remuneration Policy, the Bank at the next meeting resubmits an amended Remuneration Policy to vote.

The General Meeting has the right to advisory vote on the remuneration report for the last business year.

NLB Compliance and Integrity

The Compliance and Integrity shall analyse how this Policy affects the Bank's compliance with the regulations, other policies of the Bank and its risk appetite, and shall report all identified compliance risks and non-compliance issues to the Management Board and the Supervisory Board. The Remuneration Committee and the Supervisory Board shall take into account the findings of the Compliance and Integrity in the process of adopting this Policy and its amendments to it, and in the processes of its review and supervision.

Internal Audit of NLB d.d.

A central review of the compliance with the regulations, NLB Group policies, procedures and internal rules shall be performed by the Internal Audit, assessing whether the overall remuneration policies, practices, and processes:

- a) operate as intended (in particular, that approved policies, procedures and internal rules are being complied with; that the remuneration pay-outs are appropriate, in line with the business strategy; and that the risk profile, long-term objectives and other goals of the Bank are adequately reflected);
- b) are compliant with national and international regulations, principles and standards; and
- c) are consistently implemented, are compliant with the principles and restrictions under Article 190 of the Banking Act (Slov. ZBan-3) and do not limit the Bank's ability to maintain or restore a solid capital base of the Bank or the NLB Group.

The table below shows the role of individual process stakeholders in the process related to the adoption and implementation of the Remuneration Policy of NLB d.d.:

Activity	Management Board	SPKI	Remuneration Committee	Risk Committee	Supervisory Board	Internal Audit	General Meeting
Adoption of and amendments to the Remuneration Policy	Prepares a draft policy and submits it to the Remuneration Committee	Checks the compliance of the Policy in the event of any changes and reports to the Supervisory Board	Formulates a draft policy or proposed amendments and submits them to the Supervisory Board	Checks the adequacy of the policy in relation to risk management	Adopts the policy	-	Consultation voting after the adoption by the Supervisory Board - in the case of material amendments or at least every four years

Monitoring and supervising the implementation	Provides a comprehensive and independent review of the compliance of remuneration at least once a year	Checks the implementation of the Remuneration Policy as part of the general control tasks at the second level	Checks the compliance of the Policy at least once a year	-	Checks the compliance of the Policy at least once a year	Carries out audits of the implementation of the Remuneration Policy in accordance with the internal audit plan	
Remuneration report	The members of the Management Board and the Supervisory Board are responsible for preparing the remuneration report in accordance with Article 294.b of the Companies Act (Slov. ZGD-1.)				The members of the Management Board and the Supervisory Board are responsible for preparing the remuneration report in accordance with Article 294.b of the Companies Act (Slov. ZGD-1), which is reviewed by the auditor.		Holds advisory vote on the remuneration report for the last business year.

4. Contribution of the Remuneration Policy to the promotion of the business strategy, long-term development and sustainability of NLB d.d.

Article 9

Efficient management of risks and capital at all levels is crucial for maintaining a profitable operation of the NLB Group in the long run.

The variable remuneration depends on the results achieved that are directly connected with the achievement of the goals of the NLB Group and NLB d.d. and the goals of each individual. It is awarded and paid in cash and/or instruments. These goals are intended for the achievement of long-term generation of value and sustainable results, and combine the financial goals with the environmental, social and governance goals.

The NLB Group contributes to sustainable financing by including environmental, social and governance (ESG) risks in its business strategies, the risk management framework and internal governance. Thus, the ESG risk management follows the ECB and EBA guidelines and is included in all relevant processes.

Sustainable operations refer to the management of direct ESG impacts, while ensuring ethical and efficient operations. Our goal to improve sustainable operations is to be achieved by measuring,

managing and reporting the performance in accordance with the applicable EU regulations and UN principles.

5. Definition of the members of a Management body as identified employees or employees performing special work

Article 10

In accordance with the Banking Act, the members of a Management body are identified employees or employees performing special work.

A Management body member cannot be exempted from the application of this Remuneration Policy.

6. Remuneration of the members of the Supervisory Board Members

Article 11

In relation to their function of a member of the Supervisory Board, a member of the Supervisory Board may only receive remuneration that is compliant with the relevant resolutions of the General Meeting. The General Meeting may determine and change the remuneration of the members of the Supervisory Board irrespective of this Remuneration Policy, and may change, repeal or replace any of its resolutions in relation to the remuneration of the Supervisory Board members at any time, or adopt a new resolution in relation to the remuneration of the Supervisory Board members.

At the time when the Supervisory Board adopted this Remuneration Policy, the Bank's Articles of Association contained the following provision (last paragraph of Article 16 of the Articles of Association of the Bank):

"The Supervisory Board members are entitled to a remuneration for performing their function and/or attendance fees for their membership in the Supervisory Board and the committees of the Supervisory Board, which are determined in accordance with the respective applicable resolution by the General Meeting, and to reimbursement of travel expenses, meal allowance and accommodation costs up to the amount provided by the regulations governing reimbursement of costs related to work and other income from employment."

At the time when the Supervisory Board adopted this Remuneration Policy, the following resolution adopted by the General Meeting on 21/10/2019 was relevant for the remuneration of the Supervisory Board members other than workers' representatives:

"Point 2: Determination of the payments to the members of the Supervisory Board of NLB d.d. and its Committees

The members of the Supervisory Board shall receive for the performance of their function a payment of EUR 60,000.00 gross per member annually ("basic remuneration"). The Chair of the Supervisory Board shall be entitled to a bonus for the performance of this function amounting to 25% of the basic remuneration, while the Deputy Chair of the Supervisory Board shall be entitled to a bonus for the performance of the function amounting to 15% of the basic remuneration (hereinafter both bonuses referred to as the "bonus").

The members of the Supervisory Board committees shall receive an extra payment for performing the function of a member of the committee, which for an individual member of the committee amounts to

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10% of the basic remuneration (“extra remuneration”) and shall be paid for their membership in no more than two committees, even if an individual member of the Supervisory Board is a member of more than two committees. In addition to the extra remuneration, the chair of a committee shall also be entitled to an additional extra payment amounting to 15% of the basic remuneration (“additional extra remuneration”), with the additional extra remuneration being paid for the performance of the function of the chair of the committee in no more than one committee, even if an individual member of the Supervisory Board performs this function in more than one committee.

The members of Supervisory Boards shall receive the basic remuneration, bonus, extra remuneration and additional extra remuneration in proportional monthly payments to which they shall be entitled for as long as they perform the function. The monthly payment shall amount to one-twelfth of the above stated annual amounts. If they perform the function for less than one month, they shall be entitled to the proportional payment calculated based on the number of days they have performed the particular function.

The Supervisory Board members shall be entitled to the reimbursement of travel expenses, daily allowances and costs of overnight accommodation related to their work in the Supervisory Board up to the amount specified in the regulations on reimbursement of work-related expenses and other income not included in the tax base. Accommodation expenses shall be reimbursed if the permanent or temporary residence of a Supervisory Board member or a member of a Supervisory Board committee is at least 100 kilometres away from the place of work and when a Supervisory Board member is unable to return as there is no public transport connection scheduled or for other objective reasons.

The Supervisory Board members shall not be entitled to any benefits exceeding the provision of the conditions for smooth work of the Supervisory Board (payment of insurance premiums, except for liability insurance, company car, company flat and fuel). The members of the Supervisory Board shall be entitled to benefits providing for or improving the conditions or methods of their work (ICT equipment, professional training, visits to institutions, organisations and bodies and liability insurance), accounting for the actual needs of the company and the individual needs of the members of the Supervisory Board, as decided by the Supervisory Board.

On the day this resolution is adopted, the resolution on the determination of the Supervisory Board of NLB d.d. and Supervisory Board Committee members’ attendance fees was adopted at the 22nd Annual General Meeting of NLB d.d. on 11/06/2013 shall cease to apply.”

At the time when the Supervisory Board adopted this Remuneration Policy, the following resolution adopted by the General Meeting on 15/06/2020 was relevant for the remuneration of the Supervisory Board members who are workers’ representatives:

“Point 8: Determination of the payments to the members of the Supervisory Board of NLB d.d. who are workers’ representatives

The remuneration for the performance of their function of an individual member of the Supervisory Board representing the interests of employees (“workers’ representatives”) amounts to EUR 60,000 gross per year (“basic remuneration”), less the gross amount of salary payment, any work-related allowances, holiday allowance received by an individual workers’ representative for employment in NLB d.d. or in another member of the NLB Group (“gross remuneration”) in a particular year.

For their membership in the committees of the Supervisory Board, workers’ representatives shall receive an extra payment for performing the function of a member of the committee, which for an individual member of the committee shall amount to 10% of the basic remuneration (“extra remuneration”) and shall be paid for membership in no more than two committees, even if a workers’ representative is a member of more than two committees.

The monthly payment shall be calculated by reducing 1/12 of the basic remuneration in the amount of EUR 5,000 gross (potentially increased by 1/12 of the extra remuneration) by the gross remuneration

from employment in NLB d.d. or in another member of the NLB Group in a particular month. If the gross remuneration in a particular month exceeds EUR 5,000 (increased by any extra remuneration), the monthly payment in the following month shall be reduced by the gross remuneration in excess of this amount.

If they perform the function for less than one month, they shall be entitled to the proportional payment calculated based on the number of days they have performed the particular function.

Workers' representatives shall be entitled to a reimbursement of travel expenses and costs of overnight accommodation related to their work in the Supervisory Board up to the amount specified in the regulations on reimbursement of work-related expenses and other income not included in the tax base. Accommodation expenses shall be reimbursed if the permanent or temporary residence of a worker's representative or a worker's representative who is a member of a Supervisory Board committee is at least 100 kilometres away from the place of work and when they are unable to return as there is no public transport connection scheduled or for other objective reasons.

Worker's representatives shall not be entitled to any benefits exceeding the provision of the conditions for smooth work of the Supervisory Board (payment of insurance premiums (excluding liability insurance), company car, company flat, fuel). Worker's representatives shall be entitled to benefits providing for or improving the conditions or methods of their work (ICT equipment, professional training, visits to institutions, organisations and bodies and liability insurance), accounting for the actual needs of the Bank and the worker's representative's individual needs as decided by the Supervisory Board.

The resolution Determination of the payments to the members of the Supervisory Board of NLB d.d. and its Committees adopted at the 34th General Meeting of Shareholders of NLB d.d. held on 21/10/2019 shall not apply to workers' representatives."

All remuneration of the members of the Supervisory Board defined in the above-mentioned resolutions adopted by the General Meeting shall constitute fixed remuneration.

7. Remuneration of the Management Board members

Article 12

When remunerating its Management Board members, the Bank follows the principles of:

1. appropriate remuneration (remuneration of the Management Board members is comparable to the trend of salaries on the market and competitive with the remuneration of the Management Board members in comparable international institutions),
2. linking remuneration to performance (achieving or exceeding the set objectives is appropriately remunerated, which should also be reflected in the amount of the variable remuneration).

The basic remuneration of a Management Board member shall consist of:

- A fixed part of the salary, which reflects the relevant professional experience, responsibilities and duties of a member of the Management Board, as defined in the job description of the member of the Management Board which is part of the recruitment conditions. The fixed part of the salary of a member of the Management Board was determined based on the international benchmark of comparable banks with regard to the function/area covered by an individual member of the Management Board.

- A variable part of the salary, which reflects sustainable and risk-adjusted performance and performance that is better than expected and defined in the job description of the Management Board member which is part of the recruitment conditions. The amount of the variable part of the salary of a Management Board member depends on:
 - the achievement of the financial goals of the NLB Group;
 - the achievement of the financial or development goals in areas within the competence of the Management Board member;
 - the personal goals of the Management Board member.

For the term of office of a member of the Management Board, the Bank can provide for the following components of the fixed part of the remuneration:

Component	Maximum value
Salary:	
Gross monthly salary	The gross monthly salary of a Management Board member may amount to up to 8 times the average gross monthly salary of a member of the senior management of NLB d.d. (calculated based on the gross monthly salary of all members of the senior management of NLB d.d.) in the preceding financial year; for the calculation in line with this provision, the gross monthly salary of a members of the senior management of NLB d.d. is comprised of the base salary and the length of service bonus.
Other income and reimbursement of expenses:	
Holiday allowance under the conditions defined by the relevant regulations and collective agreements	In the amount as specified in line with the relevant regulations and collective agreements and with the currently applicable resolutions of the Bank relating to the payment of holiday allowance (pursuant to the CAB applicable at the time of adoption of this Policy, the minimum holiday allowance is 80% of the average gross salary in the RoS).
Family separation allowance if the member of the Management Board performs work outside the place where they reside with their family and due to the requirements of the company lives separately from their family when performing their duties	In the amount which, according to the currently applicable provisions regulating the tax treatment of reimbursement of costs and other income from employment, is not included in the income tax base of income based on employment relationship.
Travel and accommodation expenses in relation to the business trips of the Management Board member	Air transport within the EU in economy class and outside the EU in business class; high-class accommodation.
Round trips of the member of the Management Board or their close family members to the country defined in the employment contract of the member of the Management Board	In the amount of up to 24 round trips in each calendar year where the maximum cost of each round trip can amount to the cost of an airline economy class return ticket in economy class. Journey made with the company car are not included in this quota.
Compensation for the use of own assets and material costs related to working from home	In the amount defined by the Bank's relevant internal acts.
Other benefits which the Bank may provide, cover, or reimburse the costs related to them, as agreed with the member of the Management Board:	
Company car provided by the Bank, which can be used by the member of the	The total rental cost (TRC ¹) for the member of the Management Board must not exceed EUR 1,800 a month.

¹ The TRC limit is defined based on a four-year lease and an annual limit of kilometres travelled to 18,000 (the mileage may be exceeded by a maximum of 5,000 kilometres); if a higher number of kilometres travelled is required, the TRC shall be re-calculated based on an application and the defined limits. Included services: amortisation and depreciation, financing, energy/fuel, vehicle registration, annual vehicle tax, insurance, service and maintenance, tires, monthly carwash, RV (residual

Management Board for business and private purposes, where the Bank at its own expense provides services included in the total rental cost (TRC)	The segment of vehicles available to members of the Management Board shall include vehicles from the middle up to the highest segment as defined by the relevant internal acts of the Bank.
Company car with a driver for business purposes	The Bank shall provide it the request of the Management Board member.
Company mobile phone of the highest price range and an annual budget	Annual spending limit of up to EUR 5,640 if exceeded the member of the Management Board shall report it the Supervisory Board at the end of the year.
Parking space at the location of work	At the market price for renting a parking space.
Appropriate accommodation for the Management Board member in Ljubljana (permanent hotel room or apartment) including the related expenses and the cost of the real estate agent and security deposit for renting the apartment	The total costs of the accommodation shall not exceed EUR 5,000 a month. Besides the costs from the previous sentence, the Bank also covers the cost of the real estate agent and security deposit for renting the apartment according to the market price.
Business card	The Management Board member shall use a business card as a means of payment for business-related costs.
Entertainment allowance	In accordance with the annual financial plan of the Bank approved by the Supervisory Board.
Training of the Management Board member in relation to their job	In the framework of the Bank's annual financial plan approved by the Supervisory Board.
Membership fees and expenses related to the membership of the Management Board member in professional associations and costs of literature and publications related to the job and/or the duties of the Management Board member	The total costs of this type per Management Board member shall not exceed EUR 10,000 in a single calendar year.
The possibility of a preventive medical check-up once in each calendar year	According to the market price.
Possibility of treatment and rehabilitation at a health resort if recommended by a specialist doctor	According to the market price.
Collective accident insurance for usual insurance cases at the Bank's discretion. The Bank shall define the beneficiaries of the insurance of the Management Board member as persons defined by the Management Board member.	The monthly insurance premium for the insurance of the Management Board member shall amount to no more than EUR 100.
Health insurance for the Management Board member abroad as selected by the Management Board member at their own discretion	Total value of EUR 6,000 in each calendar year. The Bank shall cover (or compensate the Management Board member if they paid for it by these themselves) also any applicable taxes, contributions and other duties that must be paid based on the Bank's payments under this provision.
Additional or supplementary health insurance	In an amount providing the highest possible coverage of medical expenses (including above-standard services and medical services abroad), with a monthly amount of the premium for insurance of Management Board member up to EUR 100.
Premiums for the collective voluntary supplementary pension insurance	Up to the amount of the maximum amount for which the Bank can claim a tax relief.
Liability insurance (D&O) – the Bank may arrange with the Management Board member in the context of their employment contract or in a separate document that the Bank provides the liability (claim) insurance for the Management Board member due to	Insurance premium according to the market price, other payments by the Bank up to the amount defined in this provision on the D&O insurance.

value) – the value of the vehicle at the end of the lease period, fleet management fee, 24-hour roadside assistance (basic), replacement vehicle (basic for regular servicing).

<p>any incorrect conduct (actions or omissions) in the function as Management Board member as well as for claims made against the Management Board member based on their function as Management Board member (D&O insurance) in the scope and amount in line with the international practice (hereinafter: liability insurance); these claims may also include civil or criminal proceedings, minor offence proceedings and other legal proceedings against the Management Board member; the costs of legal defence against such claims and the costs of preparation of the defence against possible claims are also included here. The Bank may arrange with the Management Board member within the framework allowed by regulations that in the case that an individual (possible or actual) claim against the Management Board member as provided in the previous sentence or the defence (or preparation of defence) against it are not covered by the liability insurance (e.g. due to the retained amount in the liability insurance or because the bank did not provide liability insurance), the Bank covers the claim or the costs of defence (or preparation of defence) against it, up to the amount defined in the previous sentence. The Bank can also arrange with the Management Board member that the Bank covers (or compensates the Management Board member if they paid for it themselves) also any applicable taxes, contributions and other duties that must be paid based on the Bank's payments under the previous sentence.</p>	
<p>Costs of tax consulting ordered by the Management Board member at their own discretion</p>	<p>Total value of EUR 2,000 in each calendar year. The Bank shall cover (or compensate the Management Board member if they paid these themselves) also any applicable taxes, contributions and other duties that must be paid based on the Bank's payments under this provision.</p>
<p>Education and care expenses for the children of the Management Board member (kindergarten, primary and secondary school) if the latter move to the Republic of Slovenia with the member assuming the function from abroad</p>	<p>In accordance with international educational programmes offered in the Republic of Slovenia. The Bank shall cover (or compensate the Management Board member if they paid these themselves) also any applicable taxes, contributions and other duties that must be paid based on the Bank's payments under this provision.</p>
<p>Payment of the difference of tax duties of the Management Board member – for a Management Board member who acquires resident status in the Republic of Slovenia pursuant to tax regulations, the Bank during their term of office as Management Board member covers or compensates the part of their tax duties that arise from their variable remuneration paid by the former employer based on their employment with that former employer, which due to their resident status in the Republic of Slovenia pursuant to tax regulations exceeds the tax duties that the Management Board member would have from these variable pays if they did not</p>	<p>In the amount of the difference of tax duties of the Management Board member as described in this provision. The Bank shall cover (or compensate the Management Board member if they paid for it themselves) also any applicable taxes, contributions and other duties that must be paid based on the Bank's payments under this provision.</p>

change their resident status pursuant to the tax regulations to resident of the Republic of Slovenia.	
Staff housing loan – the Bank may grant the Management Board member a staff housing loan under the same terms and conditions as those applying to the key staff employed under collective agreement; these terms and conditions and criteria are defined by means of an internal act.	In line with relevant internal acts of the Bank.

Unless defined otherwise for the individual type of expenses in the table above, the Bank reimburses the costs that the Management Board member has during their term of office in relation to the fulfilment of their responsibilities (including, but not limited to, daily allowances and other travel expenses), in line with the provisions of relevant regulations, collective agreements or the Bank’s internal acts. Unless the table above regulates the payment in a different manner, the Bank reimburses the Management Board member for the costs of meals during work, for transportation to and from work, and costs incurred when performing certain tasks and duties on business trips in the manner and amount as defined by the relevant regulations, collective agreements, or internal acts of the Bank.

For the term of office of a member of the Management Board, the Bank can provide for the following components of the variable part of the remuneration:

Component	Maximum value
Variable part of salary (performance bonus) in line with this Remuneration Policy	For the financial year 2022 not more than 7 average gross monthly salaries of the Management Board member, and as of 01/01/2023 for each financial year not more than 9 average gross monthly salaries of the Management Board member, whereby the average gross monthly salary of the Management Board member shall be calculated in accordance with Article 21 of this Policy
Guaranteed variable remuneration in line with this Remuneration Policy	In the maximum amount as specified in this Policy
Retention bonus in line with this Remuneration Policy	In the maximum amount as specified in this Policy
Compensation for early termination of the term of office in line with this Remuneration Policy	In the maximum amount as specified in this Policy
Compensation for the non-competition period in line with this Remuneration Policy	In the maximum amount as specified in this Policy

The Bank can also arrange with the Management Board member that the Bank covers (or compensates the Management Board member if they paid it by themselves) also any applicable taxes, contributions and other duties related to the handover of the variable remuneration in instruments to the Management Board member and/or any taxes, contributions and other duties related to the payment of liabilities from these instruments.

The ratio between the gross salary of the Management Board member and the maximum variable part of the salary of the same Management Board member is 1:0.75.

The sum of variable remunerations of an individual Management Board member which is factored into the calculation of the ratio between the variable and fixed remuneration for an individual business year in line with this Policy must not exceed 100% of the sum of fixed remunerations of the same Management Board member for this business year.

Article 13

The guaranteed variable remuneration can be allocated or specified in the employment contract only to a new Management Board member upon employment, prior to the beginning of the first performance period, and only for the first year of employment in accordance with the Bank’s long-term interests, provided that the Bank’s capital base is sound and strong.

The guaranteed variable remuneration of a new Management Board member hereunder can amount up to 1.5 times their gross monthly salary defined in their employment contract.

The guaranteed variable remuneration hereunder is not included in the calculation of the ratio between the fixed and variable components of the total remuneration for the first performance period. The provisions of this Policy on malus, retention and clawback do not apply to the guaranteed variable remuneration under this article. Regardless of the other provisions laid down in this Policy, the total amount of the variable remuneration hereunder shall be paid in cash and shall not be deferred.

Table: Overview of activities and roles of stakeholders in the case of awarding the guaranteed variable remuneration

Activity	Remuneration Committee	Supervisory Board	Risk Committee
Awarding the guaranteed variable remuneration			
Awarding the guaranteed variable remuneration to a new Management Board member	Proposes the awarding of the guaranteed variable remuneration for adoption at the Bank’s Supervisory Board	Awards the guaranteed variable remuneration	Participates in the process

Article 14

Retention bonus

The retention bonus can be awarded to a Management Board member if the Bank has a legitimate interest to award it with the aim of retaining the Management Board member, i.e., in the event of restructuring, liquidation, following a change of control or to ensure completion of large projects or initiatives. The Bank defines the reasons for allocating the retention bonus, the period in which it is assumed that the reason for such allocation exists, the conditions for allocating the retention bonus (including the performance criteria) and the date or the event after which the Bank will decide whether the retention conditions have been met. The retention bonus is only allocated once all the retention conditions and applicable performance conditions have been fulfilled.

When assessing whether a Management Board member is entitled to be allocated the retention bonus, the Bank must, at minimum, consider the risk that such member might decide to leave the Bank, the reasons why retaining them is vital to the Bank, the consequence of the member leaving the Bank and whether the amount of the allocated retention bonus was required and proportional for the purpose of retaining such a Management Board member.

In relation to the retention bonus, the conditions or the performance criteria set by the bank for him or her, the provisions of this remuneration policy on the variable part of the salary in relation to his adjustment to performance and risk before awarding the bonus, any subsequent adjustment to risks,

allocation and payment in instruments, deferral, retention, malus, and clawback shall apply mutatis mutandis to the provisions of Article 20, Article 21 (except its third paragraph), Article 22 (except its sixth paragraph), Article 23 and Article 24 of this Remuneration Policy.

When calculating the ratio of variable and fixed remuneration, the retention is considered as a variable remuneration and is divided into annual amounts for each year of the retention period calculated on the linear proportional basis. If the exact length of the retention period is not known in advance, the Bank defines the period and documents depending on the circumstances and the adopted measures which justify the payment of the retention bonus. The calculation of the ratio must be based on a certain period.

The maximum amount of the retention bonus is limited in such a way that together with other types of variable remuneration taken into account in the calculation of the variable to fixed remuneration ratio it must not exceed 100% of the fixed remuneration of the Management Board member.

Table: Overview of activities and roles of stakeholders in case of awarding the retention bonus

Activity	Remuneration Committee	Supervisory Board	Risk Committee
Definition of terms for the awarding a retention bonus			
Definition of terms and conditions for awarding a retention bonus	Prepares the proposal of the terms and conditions of the retention bonus and presents it to the Supervisory Board for adoption	Adopts the terms and conditions for awarding a retention bonus	Participates in defining the terms and conditions according to the Bank's risk management strategy and the Bank's risk appetite
Monitoring and assessing at the completion of the retention period			
Monitoring and assessing if conditions for awarding the retention bonus are met	Determines whether the terms and conditions to award of the retention bonus are fulfilled and proposes to the Supervisory Board the appropriate decision	Confirms the determination whether the terms and conditions to awarding of the retention bonus are fulfilled	Checks whether the risk management criteria have been considered in the determining whether the conditions to award for the retention bonus are fulfilled
Period	At the end of the retention period	At the end of the retention period	At the end of the retention period
Awarding of the retention bonus			
awarding of the retention bonus to a Management Board member	Prepares a proposal for awarding the retention bonus and submits it to the Supervisory Board	Awards the retention bonus	
Period	After the terms and conditions for awarding the retention bonus are fulfilled	After the terms and conditions for awarding the retention bonus are fulfilled	

Article 15

The employment contract of a member of the Management Board shall be concluded for a specified period of time, as full-time employment, under the terms and conditions set out in the employment

contract. The duration of employment shall be set until the termination of the term of office of the Management Board member.

The term of office of the Management Board member may terminate:

- on the date of expiry of the term of office of the Management Board member;
- due to the resignation of the Management Board member based on a written resignation statement submitted at least three months prior to the effective date of the resignation, whereby this deadline can be shortened by agreement between the contracting parties;
- due to a recall of a Management Board member for reasons specified in the Companies Act effective immediately effect (without a notice period);
- due to a recall of a Management Board member based on the decision of the competent court, the Bank of Slovenia or other authority of jurisdiction.

Article 16

If, pursuant to the binding regulations, a part of the variable remuneration of a certain member of the Management Board must consist of ordinary or preference shares of the Bank, or instruments related to shares or equal non-cash instruments, the variable remuneration shall be set according to the criteria whereby the Bank ensures compatibility with a prudent and efficient risk management.

The Supervisory Board shall determine the instruments to be used for part of the variable remuneration of the Management Board member in accordance with the regulations applicable at the time.

Unless the Supervisory Board decides otherwise, the part of the variable remuneration of the Management Board member consisting of instruments shall be awarded and paid, under the terms and conditions of this Policy, in instruments whose value is based on the value of the share of NLB d.d. (with these instruments not giving any dividends or other yields).

By awarding and paying, in the cases specified by this Remuneration Policy, a part of variable remuneration of a Management Board member in the form of NLB d.d. shares or instruments the value of which is linked to the value of the NLB share, and subject to the award period and the conditions regarding the holdership of the instruments after they have been acquired, as specified herein (the variable part of the salary of a Management Board member for each business year shall be awarded (or it is decided that it shall not be awarded) no later than three months after the adoption of the Annual Report of the NLB Group for the respective business year; the Management Board member may only transfer the instruments with the Bank's approval that can only be issued after the expiry of a three-year period from the acquisition date, as the Bank guarantees and stimulates the Management Board members to pursue long-term business and development goals when managing the Bank, thus supporting the Bank's strategy and long-term sustainability of operations.

With prudent management and governance of the Bank, a long-term growth is guaranteed, which is among other reflected in the value of the NLB d.d. share that follows the performance results. Therefore, the Bank's goals must be set in a reasonable and strategic manner to enable a higher and consistent growth of revenues and ensure further growth and strengthening of the Bank.

8. Performance criteria

Article 17

The members of the Management Board are entitled to the annual variable part of the salary based on their achievement of financial and non-financial performance criteria under the terms and conditions of this Policy.

The following goals with the following ratios are used for assessing the performance of an individual member of the Management Board:

- financial goals of the NLB Group 50%;
- financial or development goals in the areas covered by the member of the Management Board 30%;
- personal goals of the member of the Management Board 20%.

Notwithstanding the preceding paragraph, the following goals with the following ratios are used to assess the performance of the member of the Management Board responsible for the area of risks (CRO):

- financial goals of the NLB Group 20%;
- goals of the risk management function (CRO) 60%; the goals in this indent are independent of the performance of the business areas that the member of the Management Board supervises;
- personal goals of the member of the Management Board 20%.

The financial performance indicators arise from the strategic plan of the NLB Group and are, in line with the strategic orientations, oriented towards acquisitions and optimisations, and support the implementation of the strategy and strategic projects and goals arising from the ESG guidelines.

The non-financial performance indicators arise from the activities supporting long-term changes reflected in the method of operation and approach to clients, supporting changes in the corporate culture, and supporting the values of the Bank and the employees, thus supporting the long-term stability and development orientation of the Bank.

The specific goals, key performance indicators, criteria and methodology for establishing the performance of the Management Board members shall be set by the Bank's Supervisory Board for each individual business year within the boundaries set out in this Remuneration Policy.

The tables below contain more detailed definitions of goals of each Management Board members:

Goals of the President of the Management Board (CEO)

GOALS	WEIGHTS
Financial goals of the NLB Group	50%
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Net revenues • Cost/income ratio (CIR) • Return on equity after tax (ROE a.t.), normalised • Cost of risk • Other financial goals in accordance with the annual plan approved by the Supervisory Board 	
Goals in the areas covered by the President of the Management Board	30%
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implementation of the NLB Group strategy • Implementation of the environmental, social and governance (ESG) goals agreed in the sustainability implementation plan in the areas that fall under the responsibility of the President of the Management Board • Achieving the customer satisfaction index-- • Other strategic goals of the President of the Management Board, which are set by the Supervisory Board for each year 	
Personal goals	20%
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Acting in accordance with the NLB Group values • Achieving the employee engagement/satisfaction • Employee development • Personal development of the President of the Management Board member 	Minimum standard: if personal goals are not achieved, the President of the Management Board is not entitled to the variable part of the salary

Goals of the Management Board member in charge of finance (CFO)

GOALS	WEIGHTS
Financial goals of the NLB Group	50%
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Net revenues • Cost/income ratio (CIR) • Return on equity after tax (ROE a.t.), normalised • Cost of risk • Other financial goals in accordance with the annual plan approved by the Supervisory Board 	
Goals in the areas covered by the member of the Management Board	30%
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implementation of the NLB Group strategy in the area under the responsibility of the Management Board member • Implementation of the environmental, social and governance (ESG) goals agreed in the sustainability implementation plan in the areas that fall under the responsibility of the member of the Management Board • Achieving the customer satisfaction index • Other strategic goals of the Management Board member, which are set by the Supervisory Board for each year 	
Personal goals	20%

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Acting in accordance with the NLB Group values 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Achieving the employee engagement/satisfaction 	Minimum standard: if personal goals are not achieved, the Management Board member is not entitled to the variable part of the salary
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Employee development 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Personal development of the Management Board member 	

Goals of the Management Board member in charge of risks (CRO)

GOALS	WEIGHTS
Financial goals of the NLB Group	20%
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cost/income ratio (CIR) 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Return on equity after tax (ROE a.t.), normalised 	
Goals of the CRO function	60%
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cost of risk 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implementation of the Risk Strategy of the NLB Group 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implementation of the environmental, social and governance (ESG) goals agreed in the sustainability implementation plan in the areas that fall under the responsibility of the member of the Management Board 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Other strategic goals in the area of risks, which are set by the Supervisory Board for each year 	
Personal goals	20%
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Acting in accordance with the NLB Group values 	Minimum standard: if personal goals are not achieved, the Management Board member is not entitled to the variable part of the salary
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Achieving the employee engagement/satisfaction 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Employee development 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Personal development of the Management Board member 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Achieving the customer satisfaction index 	

Goals of a board member who does not hold the position of CEO, CFO or CRO:

GOALS	WEIGHTS
Financial goals of the NLB Group	50%
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Net revenues 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cost/income ratio (CIR) 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Return on equity after tax (ROE a.t.), normalised 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cost of risk 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Other financial goals in accordance with the annual plan approved by the Supervisory Board 	
Goals in the areas covered by the member of the Management Board	30%
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • financial or development goals in the area falling under the responsibility of the Management Board member 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implementation of the environmental, social and governance (ESG) goals in the areas that fall under the responsibility of the member of the Management Board 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Other strategic goals of the Management Board member, which are set by the Supervisory Board for each year 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Achieving the customer satisfaction index 	

Personal goals	20%
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Acting in accordance with the NLB Group values • Achieving the employee engagement/satisfaction • Employee development • Personal development of the Management Board member 	Minimum standard: if personal goals are not achieved, the Management Board member is not entitled to the variable part of the salary

A Management Board member is not entitled to the variable part of a salary for a specific business year if they fail to achieve their personal goals for that year, regardless of the fact whether the goals of the NLB Group and the other financial goals in the areas that fall within the competence of that Management Board member for that year have been achieved or not.

The general rules related to the award and payment of variable remuneration

Article 18

The award and payment of the variable remuneration (also the deferred part) to a Management Board member shall depend on adjustment criteria as a result of risk management through the system for monitoring performance based on KPI & KRI targets at the level of the NLB Group.

The criteria applied shall include compliance with the adopted policies, methodologies, orientations, regulators and auditors' requirements as well as authorisations linked to the work of the Management Board member.

The awarding of the variable part of salary is regulated in detail in Article 21, the payment in Article 22 and the subsequent risk-adjustment in Article 24 of this Policy.

When assessing the performance of the members of the Management Board, the Supervisory Board also takes into account the interim situation on the local, regional as well as global banking and economic markets and the achievement of the goals of the members of the Management Board, taking into account their activities in pursuing the Bank's best interest.

Variable remuneration shall not be awarded or paid out when the effect would be that the capital base of the Bank would no longer be sound. If the soundness of the capital base could be at risk due to allocating and paying the variable remuneration, the Bank must take the following measures within the required scope and by reasonably applying Articles 21, 22 and 24 hereof:

- reduce the bonus pool for the previous business year, even down to zero, and appropriately consider such a reduction when awarding the variable remuneration for the previous business year;
- use the necessary measures to adjust the performance, particularly the maluses for the reduction of previously awarded but not paid deferred variable remuneration;
- reduce the previously paid remuneration based on the agreement on the reimbursement of variable remuneration;
- use the net profit of the Institution for the previous business year and potentially for the current and subsequent business years to strengthen the Bank's capital base.

9. Setting goals and monitoring the performance of Management Board members

Article 19

The Supervisory Board shall follow the preset goals and achievement of KPIs at regular meetings under items on quarterly and half-annual results, and also regularly monitor the achievement of important KPIs and the Business strategy, as well as the IT strategy.

The financial and business plan for NLB d.d. and the NLB Group shall be defined and approved by the Supervisory Board. The goals shall reflect a part of the risk management, as well as the defined business strategy, which shall be divided into several projects with very clear goals and KPIs.

The concrete goals for each business year shall be defined prior to the beginning of the year.

The concrete goals shall be set by taking into account the adopted risk appetite and risk strategy defining the risk appetite in the framework of KPI & KRI targets.

Table: Overview of the role of individual stakeholders in the process of setting goals and awarding the variable part of the salary to the members of the Management Board

Activity	Management Board	Remuneration Committee	Supervisory Board	Risk Committee
Definition of goals				
Definition of goals for the members of the Management Board	Prepares proposal of goals and forwards it to the Remuneration Committee	Aligns and proposes the goals of the Management Board members for adoption by the Supervisory Board	Adopts the goals	Participates in setting targets according to the Bank's risk management strategy and the Bank's risk appetite
Period	October - November	October - November	December	October - November
Monitoring and assessing				
Monitoring and assessing the achievement of the goals of the Management Board members	Submits a self-assessment to the Remuneration Committee	Prepares the assessment of the achievement of the goals	Confirms the assessment of the achievement of the goals	Checks whether the risk management criteria have been taken into account in the assessment of the achievement of the goals
Period	February - March	March - April	April	March - April
Awarding the variable part of the salary				
Awarding the variable part of the salary to the members of the Management Board		Prepares a proposal for awarding the variable part of the salary and submits it	Awards the variable part of the salary	Checks whether the risk management criteria have been

		to the Supervisory Board		appropriately taken into account in the awarding of the variable part of the salary
Target period		April - May	April - May	

10. Scale for assessing the achievement of the goals of Management Board members

Article 20

To assess the achievement of the goals and to determine the level of the variable part of the salary of Management Board members, a 4-grade scale is used for the overall assessment (and for each individual criterion before that):

Table 1: Scale for assessing the achievement of goals

OVERALL ASSESSMENT	Descriptive OVERALL assessment	The amount of the Variable Pay
4	All goals are exceeded (over 110%)	Above 80% to including 100% of the maximum variable part of the salary
3	The goals are achieved (from 99% to 109.9%)	Above 60% to including 80% of the maximum variable part of the salary
2	The goals are partly achieved (from 91% to 98.9%)	Above 40% to including 60% of the maximum variable part of the salary
1	The goals are not achieved (below 91%)	The Management Board member is not entitled to the variable part of the salary

11. Awarding the variable part of the salary

Article 21

The Management Board members shall be entitled to the annual variable part of the salary which shall be awarded and/or paid based on their meeting of the financial and non-financial performance criteria and other terms and conditions specified in this Policy.

For the members of the Management Board, the decision whether the performance criteria were met shall be made by the Supervisory Board.

The Supervisory Board allocates the variable part of the salary for each business year to the Management Board members (or decides not to allocate it) no later than three months after the adoption of the annual report of the NLB Group for such business year.

In the event of exceptional economic uncertainty or other extraordinary circumstances (in the past, such uncertainty and extraordinary circumstances arose due to the spread of COVID-19) that could jeopardise the solid capital base of the Bank and/or the NLB Group in the future, the Supervisory

Board may postpone the decision on awarding and/or paying the variable remuneration (or part thereof) to the Management Board member until such exceptional circumstances cease.

Pursuant to the first and the second paragraphs of this Article, prior to awarding variable part of the salary to a member of the Management Board, the Supervisory Board shall make an adjustment of such variable part of the salary to performance and risks, taking into account the performance criteria and the adjustment criteria from Articles 17, 18, and 19 of this policy, and the criteria listed in the table below. The table below presents the cases where the Supervisory Board reduces the amount of the variable part of the salary of the Management Board member (possibly even down to zero) before the award due to prior risk adjustment. If reduction to zero is not mandatory according to the table below, the Supervisory Board shall determine the reduction of the variable part of the salary with regard to the circumstances of each case.

No.	Circumstances	Mandatory reduction of the variable part of the salary to zero	Reduction of the variable part of the salary, potentially to zero
1.	The performance of the Bank and/or NLB Group shows material negative trends that result from the decisions adopted by the member of the Management Board in their function as a member of the Management Board in the accounting period to which the variable part of the salary refers	X	
2.	Fraud or abuse by the member of the Management Board	X	
3.	Severe violations of the Bank's regulations or internal documents by the member of the Management Board	X	
4.	The conduct of the member of the Management Board shows signs of a criminal offence	X	
5.	The conduct of the member of the Management Board in the accounting period to which the variable part of the salary refers show signs of a minor offence		X
6.	An action of the member of the Management Board in the accounting period to which the variable part of the salary refers reduces or damages the Bank's reputation		X
7.	Violation of obligations arising from the employment relationship by the member of the Management Board in the accounting period to which the variable part of the salary refers		X
8.	Uneconomical practices of the member of the Management Board in their function as a member of the Management Board which are intentional or arise from severe negligence in the accounting period to which the variable part of the salary refers, causing material damage to the Bank and/or the NLB Group	X	

9.	An action of the member of the Management Board in the accounting period to which the variable part of the salary refers results in a conflict of interest with the Bank's business interests	X	
10.	Corruptive actions of the member of the Management Board resulting in or increasing the non-transparency in the adoption of business decisions	X	
11.	Involvement of the member of the Management Board in their function as a member of the Management Board in or their responsibility as a member of the Management Board for actions leading to significant losses for the Bank and/or the NLB Group	X	
12.	The fit & proper assessment of the member of the Management Board is negative		X
13.	The conduct of the member of the Management Board is in contravention of the Code of Conduct of the NLB Group		X
14.	The Bank's and/or the NLB Group's solid capital base could be at risk due to awarding and/or paying the variable remuneration		X
15.	Considering the financial position of the Bank as a whole and/or of the NLB Group as a whole, the variable part of the salary would not be sustainable		X
16.	The financial performance of the Bank and/or the NLB Group and/or the area within the competence of the Management Board member is poor or negative		X
17.	The Bank and/or the NLB Group and/or the area within the competence of the Management Board member experience(s) significant failure in risk management		X
18.	The actions of the member of the Management Board in the accounting period to which the variable part of the salary refers contributed to the Bank being imposed a regulatory fine		X

Note: The cases in which an individual option can be used are marked with a cross.

The amount of the variable remuneration to be awarded, its composition, the share of variable remuneration to be deferred and the period of deferral pursuant to this Remuneration Policy shall be determined by the Supervisory Board for each member of the Management Board.

When planning, the labour costs for the members of the Bank's Management Board shall be included in the labour cost plan which is approved by the Supervisory Board every year.

The calculation of the funds needed for the payment of the variable remuneration in accordance with the Remuneration Policy shall be made according to the bottom-up approach and shall be based on the following:

- the envisaged number of the members of the Management Board in an individual business year,
- the average gross monthly salary of an individual member of the Management Board in an individual business year,
- the estimate of the variable remuneration of an individual member of the Management Board,
- given the estimated amount of variable remuneration of a Management Board member, which is taken into account in calculating the ratio between variable and fixed remuneration for a particular business year, the variable remuneration in instruments is additionally recalculated for such variable remuneration which is estimated to exceed EUR 50,000 gross and/or comprise of more than a third of their total remuneration for the respective business year,
- the calculation of the bonus for the variable remuneration paid to the Management Board members in instruments and consideration of the increase in costs due to the calculation of duties in accordance with the Personal Income Tax Act (Slov. ZDoh-2).

The amount of estimated variable remuneration, including additional costs due to the calculation of the bonus, in case a portion of the variable part of remuneration is paid in instruments, as specified in the preceding paragraph, represents the quota for the payment of variable remuneration to the members of the Management Board.

The basis for the calculation of the amount of the variable part of the salary of a member of the Management Board for the period of a specific term of office in a business year is the average (monthly) gross salary of that Management Board member for the period of their term of office in this business year.

For the purposes of the preceding paragraph, the average gross monthly salary of the Management Board member for the period of their specific term of office in a certain business year shall be calculated by dividing the sum of the gross monthly salaries paid to the Management Board member for the period of a specific term of office in that business year in accordance with their employment contract by the number of months of such term of office in this business year.

12. Payment of variable part of the salary

Article 22

The decision whether all the conditions for the payment of the variable part of the salary to the members of the Management Board have been met shall be adopted by the Supervisory Board.

Unless specified otherwise by the Supervisory Board for each specific case, the variable part of the salary of Management Board members is not subject to the exemption from the obligation to defer a part of variable remuneration stipulated by the regulations.

The variable part of the salary of a member of the Management Board for an individual business year shall be awarded and paid in cash, provided that it (i) does not exceed EUR 50,000 gross together with their other variable remuneration, which is taken into account in calculating the ratio between variable and fixed remuneration for the business year, and (ii) is not higher than one-third of their total remuneration for the respective business year, and if that is in accordance with the relevant regulations.

If the variable part of the salary of a member of the Management Board for an individual business year, together with their other variable remuneration, which is taken into account in calculating the ratio between variable and fixed remuneration for the business year, (i) exceeds EUR 50,000 gross or/and is higher than one-third of their total remuneration for the respective business year, at least 50% of it must – if that is obligatory in accordance with the relevant regulations – consist of

instruments, and the member of the Management Board may only transfer these instruments upon the Bank's permission, which may only be issued after at least three years have passed since the acquisition. The provision of the previous sentence thus relates to the non-deferred and the deferred part of the variable part of the salary from the previous sentence. If the award and payment of the total variable part of the salary of a member of the Management Board for an individual business year which, together with their other variable remuneration, which is taken into account in calculating the ratio between variable and fixed remuneration for the business year, (i) does not exceed EUR 50,000 gross, and (ii) is not higher than one-third of their total remuneration for the respective business year in cash, is not permitted pursuant to the third paragraph hereunder, the fourth paragraph hereunder shall apply *mutatis mutandis*.

If that is obligatory in accordance with the relevant regulations, at least 50% of the variable part of the salary of the Management Board member awarded for an individual business year (or at least 60% if – together with their other variable remuneration of that Management Board member, which is taken into account in calculating the ratio between variable and fixed remuneration for the respective business year – it is higher than 15 times the average annual gross remuneration at NLB d.d. for the business year before it has been awarded) shall be deferred for a period of at least 5 years starting on the day of payment of the non-deferred part of this variable part of the salary.

The non-deferred part of variable part of the salary shall be paid no later than 3 months after the adoption of the Annual Report of the NLB Group for the business year to which the variable part of the salary refers, provided also that the Supervisory Board has awarded variable part of the salary to the members of the Management Board for the said business year.

The deferred part of the variable part of the salary shall be paid out proportionately. It shall be paid under the terms and conditions of this Policy, in fifths, as follows:

- the first fifth of the deferred part of the variable part of the salary shall be paid no later than three months after one year has passed from the payment of the non-deferred part of the variable part of the salary, provided that the following conditions have been cumulatively met before the first fifth of the deferred part of the variable part of the salary is paid: (i) one year has passed since the payment of the non-deferred part of the variable part of the salary; and (ii) the annual report of the NLB Group has been adopted for the business year preceding the business year in which one year has elapsed since the payment of the non-deferred part of the variable part of the salary; and (iii) the Supervisory Board decides on the payment of the part of the deferred part of the variable part of the salary referred to in this indent;
- the second fifth of the deferred part of the variable part of the salary shall be paid no later than three months after two years have passed from the payment of the non-deferred part of the variable part of the salary, provided that the following conditions have been cumulatively met before the second fifth of the deferred part of the variable part of the salary is paid: (i) two years have passed since the payment of the non-deferred part of the variable part of the salary; and (ii) the annual report of the NLB Group has been adopted for the business year preceding the business year in which two years have elapsed since the payment of the non-deferred part of the variable part of the salary; and (iii) the Supervisory Board decides on the payment of the part of the deferred part of the variable part of the salary referred to in this indent;
- the third fifth of the deferred part of the variable part of the salary shall be paid no later than three months after three years have passed from the payment of the non-deferred part of the variable part of the salary, provided that the following conditions have been cumulatively met before the third fifth of the deferred part of the variable part of the salary is paid: (i) three years have passed since the payment of the non-deferred part of the variable part of the salary; and (ii) the annual report of the NLB Group has been adopted for the business year preceding the business year in which three years have elapsed since the payment of the non-deferred part of the variable part of the salary; and (iii) the Supervisory Board decides on the payment of the part of the deferred part of the variable part of the salary referred to in this indent;

- the fourth fifth of the deferred part of the variable part of the salary shall be paid no later than three months after four years have passed from the payment of the non-deferred part of the variable part of the salary, provided that the following conditions have been cumulatively met before the fourth fifth of the deferred part of the variable part of the salary is paid: (i) four years have passed since the payment of the non-deferred part of the variable part of the salary; and (ii) the annual report of the NLB Group has been adopted for the business year preceding the business year in which four years have elapsed since the payment of the non-deferred part of the variable part of the salary; and (iii) the Supervisory Board decides on the payment of the part of the deferred part of the variable part of the salary referred to in this indent;
- the fifth fifth of the deferred part of the variable part of the salary shall be paid no later than three months after five years have passed from the payment of the non-deferred part of the variable part of the salary, provided that the following conditions have been cumulatively met before the fifth fifth of the deferred part of the variable part of the salary is paid: (i) five years have passed since the payment of the non-deferred part of the variable part of the salary; and (ii) the annual report of the NLB Group has been adopted for the business year preceding the business year in which five years have elapsed since the payment of the non-deferred part of the variable part of the salary; and (iii) the Supervisory Board decides on the payment of the part of the deferred part of the variable part of the salary referred to in this indent;

If the Supervisory Board defines a deferral period that is longer than 5 years, the previous paragraph applies *mutatis mutandis*.

Before paying the portion of the deferred part of the variable part of the salary from each indent of the paragraph before last, the Supervisory Board shall re-assess the performance and the risks assumed and, if necessary, adjust this portion of the deferred part of the variable part of the salary, taking into account the adjustment criteria based on KPI & KRI targets as well as the criteria specified in the table in Article 24 hereof. When assessing the conduct of the members of the Management Board, the Supervisory Board shall apply the principle of zero tolerance (i.e. every circumstance from the table in Article 24 hereof shall be treated in accordance with this table).

Article 23

A member of the Management Board is entitled to the variable part of the salary only in proportion to the actual duration of their employment as a member of the Management Board to which the variable part of the salary refers.

13. Malus, retention and return of the variable part of the salary (clawback)

Article 24

The table below sets out the cases in which the Supervisory Board reduces the amount of the portion of the deferred part of the variable part of the salary to be paid out in cash to the member of the Management Board, or the number or value of the instruments constituting an individual portion of the deferred part of the variable part of the salary (potentially to zero). If reduction to zero is not mandatory according to the table below, the Supervisory Board shall determine the reduction of an individual portion of the deferred part of the variable part of the salary on the basis of the circumstances of each case.

No.	Circumstances	Mandatory reduction of an individual portion of the deferred part of the variable part of the salary to zero	Reduction of an individual portion of the deferred part of the variable part of the salary, potentially to zero
1.	The performance of the Bank and/or NLB Group in the deferral period shows material negative trends that result from the decisions adopted by the member of the Management Board in their function as a member of the Management Board in the accounting period to which the variable part of the salary refers	X	
2.	Fraud or abuse by the member of the Management Board	X	
3.	Severe violations of the Bank's regulations or internal documents by the member of the Management Board	X	
4.	The conduct of the member of the Management Board shows signs of a criminal offence	X	
5.	The conduct of the member of the Management Board in the accounting period to which the variable part of the salary refers show signs of a minor offence		X
6.	An action of the member of the Management Board in the accounting period to which the variable part of the salary refers reduces or damages the Bank's reputation		X
7.	The nullity of the annual report is established with a binding effect and the grounds for nullity refer to the items or facts on which the variable part of the salary is based		X
8.	Violation of obligations arising from the employment relationship by the member of the Management Board in the accounting period to which the variable part of the salary refers		X
9.	Uneconomical practices of the member of the Management Board in their function as a member of the Management Board which are intentional or arise from severe negligence in the accounting period to which the variable part of the salary refers, causing material damage to the Bank and/or the NLB Group	X	
10.	An action of the member of the Management Board in the accounting period to which the variable part of the	X	

	salary refers results in a conflict of interest with the Bank's business interests		
11.	Corruptive actions of the member of the Management Board resulting in or increasing the non-transparency in the adoption of business decisions	X	
12.	It is established in a special auditor's report that the criteria for defining the variable part of the salary were applied incorrectly or that the critical accounting, financial and other data and indicators were incorrectly established or applied		X
13.	The variable part of the salary has not been awarded in accordance with this Policy		X
14.	A new fact is revealed that could change the decision on the award or the amount of the variable part of the salary		X
15.	Involvement of the member of the Management Board in or their responsibility as a member of the Management Board for actions leading to significant losses for the Bank and/or the NLB Group	X	
16.	The fit & proper assessment of the member of the Management Board is negative		X
17.	The conduct of the member of the Management Board is in contravention of the Code of Conduct of the NLB Group		X
18.	The solid capital base of the Bank and/or the NLB Group could be at risk due to paying the variable remuneration		X
19.	Considering the financial position of the Bank as a whole and/or of the NLB Group as a whole, the variable part of the salary is not sustainable		X
20.	The financial performance of the Bank and/or the NLB Group and/or the area within the competence of the Management Board member is poor or negative		X
21.	The Bank and/or the NLB Group and/or the area within the competence of the Management Board member experience(s) significant failure in risk management		X
22.	The actions of the member of the Management Board in the accounting period to which the variable part of the		X

	salary refers contributed to the Bank receiving a regulatory fine		
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Note: The cases in which an individual option can be used are marked with a cross.

If the relevant circumstances are not sufficiently clear to allow for deciding on whether a portion of the deferred part of the variable part of the salary of the Management Board member is to be paid out or not, or the amount that is to be paid, the Supervisory Board can decide that such a portion of the deferred variable part of the salary shall not fall due upon initially set maturity and it may defer the decision on whether, in what amount and when it is to be paid until the relevant circumstances are clarified. In the case referred to in the previous sentence, the Supervisory Board shall decide whether the portion of the deferred part of the variable part of the salary is to be paid or not, the amount that is to be paid and when once the relevant circumstances have been sufficiently clarified.

If any circumstances under item 7, 12, 15 or 16 of the table in this Article 24 hereof occurs or is revealed and a part of the (non-deferred or deferred part of the) variable part of the salary has already been paid, the Bank has the right to demand, within a period of 3 years from the payment of this part of the variable part of the salary, that the member of the Management Board return such a part of the variable part of the salary, partially or in full, with mutatis mutandis application of this Article 24 hereof. Furthermore, the Bank has the right to demand, within a period of 3 years from the payment of the part of the variable part of the salary, that the member of the Management Board return such a part of variable salary, partially or in full, if it is established after the payment that the member of the Management Board significantly contributed to poor or negative financial performance of the Bank or committed a fraud or took any other intentional action or caused, through gross negligence, great losses to the Bank. In relation to the variable part of the salary of the member of the Management Board (or an individual part of the variable part of the salary of the member of the Management Board), the decision in accordance with this paragraph shall be taken by the Supervisory Board.

14. Compensation for early termination of the term of office/employment, compensation for the non-competition period and pension benefits

Article 25

1. Compensation for early discontinuation of the term of office of a member of the Management Board

Pursuant to point 8 of the second paragraph of Article 190 of the Banking Act, any payment to an individual in connection with early termination of their employment contract shall reflect the performance of that individual during a specific period and shall not reward them for failures or possible breaches at the bank. According to the above it may not be stipulated in the contract on the employment of a member of the Management Board with the Bank that a member of the Management Board is entitled to a compensation for early termination of the term of office if they are dismissed by the Supervisory Board due to (i) a severe violation of the obligations; or (ii) the inability to manage business; or (iii) due to a vote of non-confidence issued by the General Meeting of the Bank, except in the case when such a vote of no confidence is obviously ungrounded. Furthermore, it may not be stipulated in the contract on the employment of a member of the Management Board with the Bank that a member of the Management Board is entitled to a compensation for early termination of the term of office (i) if they are re-employed by the Bank or the NLB Group after the termination of the term of office; or (ii) in the event of a regular termination of the term of office. It may be stipulated in the contract on the employment of a member of the Management Board with the Bank that a member of the Management Board is entitled to a compensation for early termination of the term of office only if dismissed for other business or economic reasons, in which case the proposal of the President of the

Management Board for the dismissal of a member of the Management Board can be considered 'other business or economic reason' (the second paragraph of Article 23 of the Bank's Articles of Association) and in the case when the member of the Management Board resigns (in this case, they can only be entitled to a compensation for early termination of the term of office if so decided by the Supervisory Board). The compensation for early termination of the term of office from the previous sentence, stipulated in the contract on the employment of a member of the Management Board with the Bank, may not exceed the amount which is calculated using the following general formula: gross monthly salary of such a member of the Management Board, payable on the basis of the month prior to the termination of the term of office, multiplied by 12.

Prior to the payment, the Supervisory Board may reduce (whereby it takes into account the relevant circumstances) the compensation for early discontinuation of the term of office of a member of the Management Board (even to zero) due to:

1. unsuccessful performance of the Bank, when the total amount of severance pay for employees is determined, taking into account the Bank's capital base, and if the following circumstances exist:
 - a. when the Bank is granted state aid or is subject to early intervention or resolution measures pursuant to the Resolution and Compulsory Winding-Up of Banks Act (ZRPPB-1); or
 - b. if a request has been filed for the initiation of regular insolvency proceedings of the Bank, as defined in Article 2(1)(47) of the Directive 2014/59/EU; or
 - c. where significant losses lead to the situation that the institution no longer has a sound capital base and, following this, the business area is sold, or the business activity is reduced.
2. unsuccessful performance of the Management Board member if the following circumstances exist:
 - a. where the relevant member of the Management body no longer meets appropriate standards of fit and proper standards; or
 - b. the relevant Management Board member participated in or is responsible for any conduct that led to significant losses for the Bank;
 - c. where the relevant Management Board member acts contrary to internal rules, values or procedures based on intent or gross negligence.

In the sense of point 172 b (i) and point 167 of the EBA Guidelines, the compensation for early termination of the term of office is not considered in the calculation of the ratio between the variable and fixed components of the remuneration and it is not subject to deferment and payment in instruments. The details of the compensation for early termination of the term of office are defined in the contract on the employment of a member of the Management Board with the Bank.

2. Compensation for the non-competition period for the members of the Management Board

If a competition clause is included in the employment contract of a Management Board member and applies after the termination of employment under that employment contract, a compensation for such competition ban may be agreed in the employment contract for the period after the termination of employment thereunder in which such ban applies. Such compensation for the non-competition period may not exceed the amount of the gross salary of that member of the Management Board for the month preceding termination of his/her employment under such employment contract for each month in which such ban applies.

In the sense of point 172 b (ii) of the EBA Guidelines, the compensation for the non-competition period hereunder is not considered in the calculation of the ratio between the variable and fixed components of the remuneration and it is not subject to deferment and payment in instruments. The details of the compensation for the non-competition period hereunder are defined in the employment contract.

3. Pension benefits

The Bank shall pay for the members of the Management Board the maximum premium of collective voluntary supplementary pension insurance within the tax relief bracket as set forth in the Pension and Disability Insurance Act, which amounts to EUR 2,904.00 annually in 2022. Therefore, this type of the Management Board members' income is not considered discretionary, it is included in the routine employment package and considered fixed income.

The Bank shall examine the most appropriate options in relation to potential provision of additional pension benefits for the members of the Management Board.

15. Restriction of personal insurance against risks

Article 26

A member of the Management Board may not use personal hedging strategies or remuneration- and liability-related insurance to undermine the risk alignment effects embedded in their variable remuneration. Every year, a Management Board member must also sign a written commitment in the sense of this paragraph separately from this Remuneration Policy and their employment contract, and submit it to the Bank.

16. Transitional and final provisions

Article 27

This Remuneration Policy shall be adopted by the Supervisory Board. This Remuneration Policy shall be submitted to the General Meeting of Shareholders of NLB d.d. to approve it by vote and shall enter into force upon the conclusion of voting, regardless of the result of the vote, and shall apply as of 01/01/2022 to the remuneration of the members of the Supervisory Board and the members of the Management Board which refers to the period as of 01/01/2022 and, in respect of such remuneration of the Supervisory Board members of NLB d.d. and the Management Board members of NLB d.d., it shall supersede the Remuneration Policy for the Members of the Supervisory Board of NLB d.d. and the Members of the Management Board of NLB d.d. (Version 1, general internal document). This Remuneration Policy shall be published in the Register of internal documents and in the application EDMS_OfficePoint application.

In the moment when this Remuneration Policy enters into force the Rules on determining other rights under management employment contracts or other regulations of the Bank shall cease to be in force.

17. Reference documents

Article 28

Companies Act (Slov. ZGD-1)

Banking Act (Slov ZBan-3)

Regulation on internal governance arrangements, the management body and the internal capital adequacy assessment process for banks and savings banks.

Regulation on the reporting of certain facts and circumstances relating to banks and savings banks
Guidelines on sound remuneration policies under Directive 2013/36/EU (EBA/GL/2021/04 of 02/07/2021)

Recovery and Compulsory Dissolution of Credit Institutions Act (ZRPPB-1)

18. Statement of the administrator of the internal act on the harmonization and approval of the internal act

The custodian of the internal act assures that the internal act has been submitted for review, harmonization and approval to all organizational units in the bank to which the proposed internal act or its changes impact and is also confirmed by them. The internal act is harmonized with them in such a way that its content is clear, consistent with other internal acts of the bank and is not in conflict with other internal acts in the bank.

19. Preparation and review

Name and surname	Preparation/Review
Mojca Cigler, Nevenka Peteh	Preparation
Vida Tomažič, Rok Praprotnik	Review
Vesna Vodopivec	Review

Ljubljana, 19.10.2022



Primož Karpe
Chairman of the Supervisory Board